Comerica Economic Weekly



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U.S. economic data this week was consistent with our expectation for ongoing moderate economic growth through the third quarter. We will see if that actually happened when the first estimate of Q3 GDP is released next Friday morning, October 28.

Consumer inflation increased about as expected, up 0.3 percent in September as energy prices firmed up. The energy prices sub-index gained 2.9 percent for the month with both gasoline and natural gas prices increasing. Consumer food prices were unchanged for the month, as they have been since July. The core CPI (less food and energy) was up a little less than expected, 0.1 percent for the month. Over the last 12 months, core CPI was up by 2.2 percent. Headline CPI was up by 1.5 percent over the past 12 months.

Industrial production increased by 0.1 percent in September, a little less than expected. Manufacturing output was up by 0.2 percent, supported by a small gain in vehicle production. Utility output fell by 1.0 percent.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia's manufacturing index showed improving conditions there in October. The New York Fed's Empire State showed worsening conditions farther up I-95.

The National Association of Home Builders' Hous-

ing Market Index dipped in early October to 63 from September's 65. There is still an overall improving trend in the index. Housing starts unexpectedly fell by 9.0 percent in September, to a 1,047,000 unit annual rate, due to a sharp contraction in multifamily projects. The large drop in multifamily building in September is a statistical outlier, but it is not unprecedented. Permits for new residential construction increased by a strong 6.3 percent in September to a 1,225,000 unit rate as multifamily permits surged.

Existing home sales increased by 3.2 percent in September, to a 5.47 million unit annual rate. Months' supply of available existing homes for sale dipped to a tight 4.5 months' worth. The median sales prices of a existing home was up by 5.6 percent in September over the previous 12 months.

The Conference Board's Leading Economic Index flipped back to the positive, gaining 0.2 percent after declining by 0.2 percent in August. Both the coincident and the lagging indexes also gained 0.2 percent in September.

Initial claims for unemployment insurance increased by 13,000 for the week ending October 15, to hit 260,000, still a very low number. Continuing claims increased by 7,000 for the week ending October 8, to reach 2,057,000, also still a very low number.

Survey	Last Actual	Comerica Economics Commentary	
Fed Funds Rate (Effective)	0.40 %	We expect to see a 25 basis point increase in the fed funds rate on December 14.	
(after the FOMC meeting of 11/1-11/2)	(Sep)		
August Case-Shiller 20-City (10/25, Tuesday)	5.0 %	<u>Up</u> by 5.1 percent. Prices are still up solidly for the year, but some markets are cooling on a month-to-month basis.	
Consensus: 5.1 percent	(Jul)		
September New Home Sales (10/26, Wednesday)	609 k	<u>Up</u> to a 620,000 unit annual rate. Existing home sales increased in September and mortgage apps for pur-	
Consensus: 602 k	(Aug)	chase were strong early in the month.	
September Durable Goods (10/27, Thursday)	0.0 %	<u>Up</u> by 0.3 percent. New orders were positive in the September ISM Manufacturing Index.	
Consensus: 0.1 percent	(Aug)		
2016Q3 GDP, 1st Estimate (10/28, Friday)	1.4 %	<u>Up</u> by 3.1 percent. There is a lot of wiggle room around this number due to the potential impact of inventories.	
Consensus: 2.5 percent	(2016Q2)		
2016Q3 GDP Price Index (10/28, Friday)	2.3 %	Up by 1.6 percent.	
Consensus: 1.3 percent	(2016Q2)		

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October/November

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
17 IND PROD Jul 0.5% 75.8% Aug -0.5% 75.3% Sep 0.1% 75.4%	18 CONSUMER PRICE INDEX Total Core Jul 0.0% 0.1% Aug 0.2% 0.3% Sep 0.3% 0.1%	HOUSING (ths) Starts Permits Jul 1,218 1,144 Aug 1,150 1,152 Sep 1,047 1,225	20 UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS (ths) Jul Aug Sep Oct 254 266 259 246 254 262 260 247 252 261 251 260 266 263 254 267	21
			EXISTING HOME SALES (ths) Jul 5,380 Aug 5,300 Sep 5,470 LEADING INDICATORS Jul 0.5% Aug -0.2% Sep 0.2%	
Empire State Survey		Beige Book	Philadelphia Fed Survey	
24	25 CASE-SHILLER HPI COMP-20 (SA) May 187.9 Jun 187.8 Jul 187.7	26 NEW HOME SALES (ths-SAAR) Jun 579 Jul 659 Aug 609	27 ADV DURABLE GOODS Total Ex-Transp Jun -4.3% -0.3% Jul 3.6% 1.1% Aug 0.0% -0.4%	28 GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT Real GDP Price Index '15Q4 0.9% 0.9% '16Q1 0.8% 0.5% '16Q2 1.4% 2.3%
CFNAI	Richmond Fed Survey Consumer Confidence		Pending Home Sales Kansas City Fed Survey	U of M Consumer Sentiment (Final)
31 INCOME and SPENDING Income Spending Jun 0.3% 0.5% Jul 0.4% 0.4% Aug 0.2% 0.0%	November 1	2	3 ISM NON-MFG INDEX Jul 55.5 Aug 51.4 Sep 57.1	4 EMPLOYMENT REPORT U. Rate Jobs (ths) Jul 4.9% +252 Aug 4.9% +167 Sep 5.0% +156 TRADE BALANCE (bln) Jun -\$44.7 Jul -\$39.5 Aug -\$40.7
TX Mfg Survey	FOMC Meeting	ADP Employment FOMC Meeting	Productivity and Costs	
7 Consumer Credit	NFIB JOLTS	9	10	U of M Consumer Sentiment (Prelim)